

PRISM, PACE, and ECOSTRESS for aquatic biodiversity
Erin Hestir

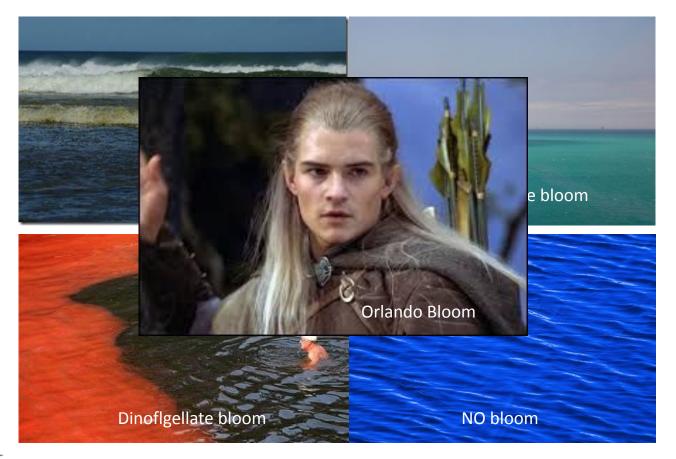


What color is the water?

Isn't it blue?

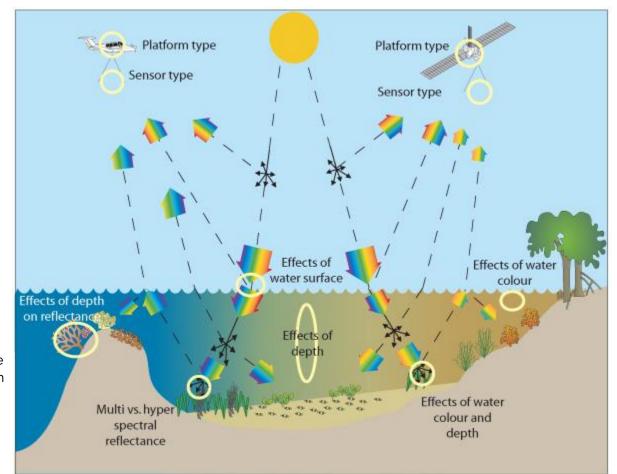


The 'color' of phytoplankton





How do we measure color?

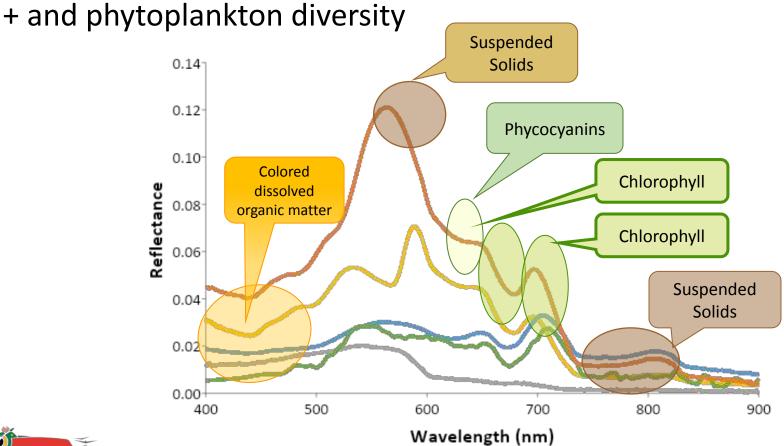


https://sees-rsrc.scienc e.uq.edu.au/rstoolkit/e n/html/marine/resource s/what-is-remote-sensin g.html



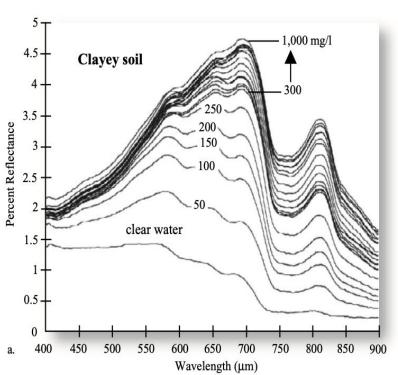
bioscape.io

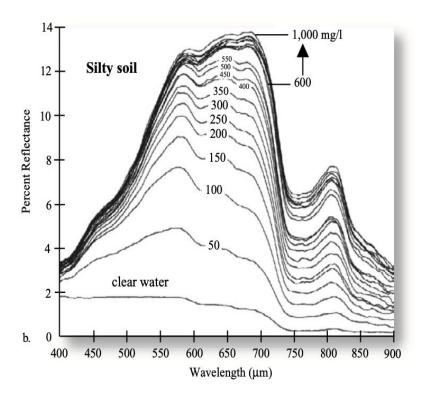
Imaging spectroscopy enables better water quality measurements





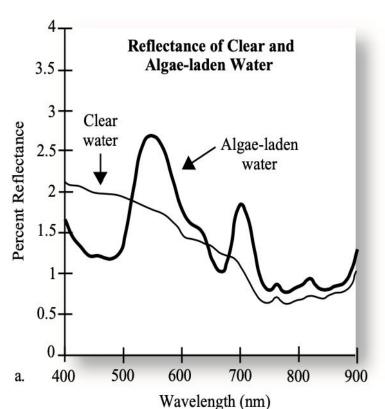
Spectral response of water as a function of suspended minerals

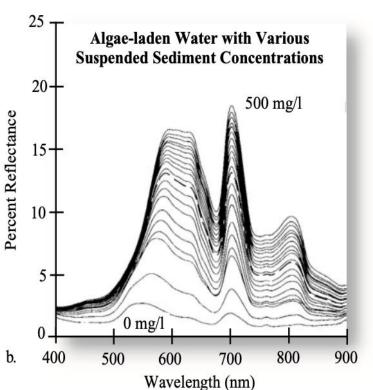






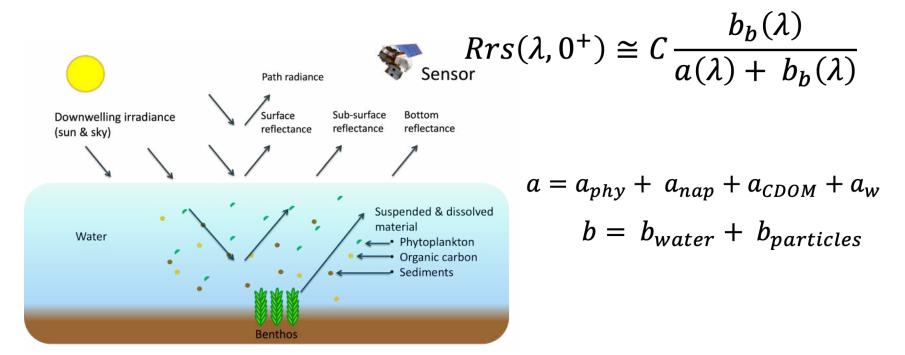
Spectral response of water as a function of chlorophyll







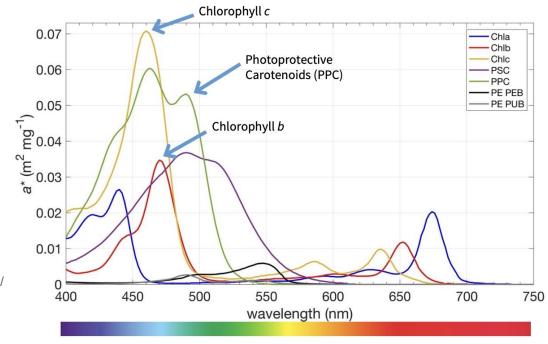
Remote sensing reflectance (Rrs) aka"ocean color"





Beyond chlorophyll: discriminating phytoplankton functional types

Phytoplankton pigments drive spectral absorption features



Slide from Ali Chase, IOCCG 2022 Summer School. https://ioccg.org/wp-content/ uploads/2022/09/chase_ioc cg_sls_2022_hyperspectral



 $a = a_{phy} + a_{nap} + a_{CDOM} + a_{w}$ bioscape.io

Living up to the Hype of Hyperspectral Aquatic Remote Sensing: Science, Resources and Outlook

Heidi M. Dierssen¹*, Steven G. Ackleson², Karen E. Joyce³, Erin L. Hestir⁴ Alexandre Castagna⁵, Samantha Lavender⁶ and Margaret A. McManus⁷

Data Transformations

Spectra subject to one or more transformations

- Band Math
- Derivative Analysis
- Coordinate
 Transformations

Retrieval Approaches

Spectra as Descriptors

used as indices or categories

- Hue Angle
- Cluster Analysis
- Object Based Image Analysis

Spectra as Predictors

used as independent variables to predict system properties

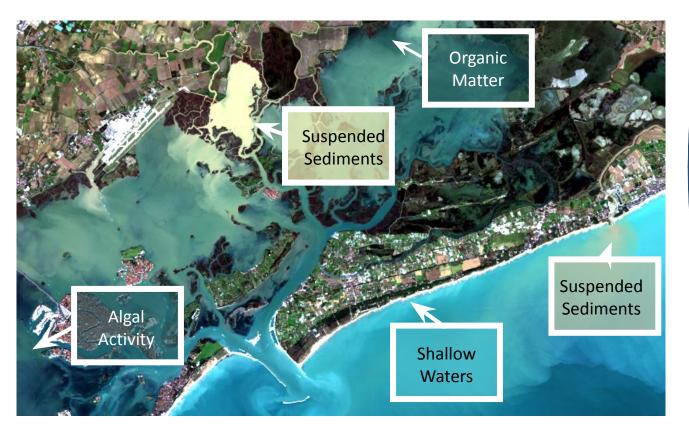
- Parametric Regression
- Neural Networks
- Decision Trees

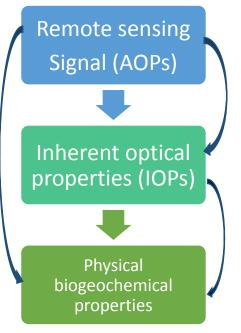
Spectra as References

used as a reference against modeled or measured spectra

- Optimization Algorithms
- Linear Matrix Inversion

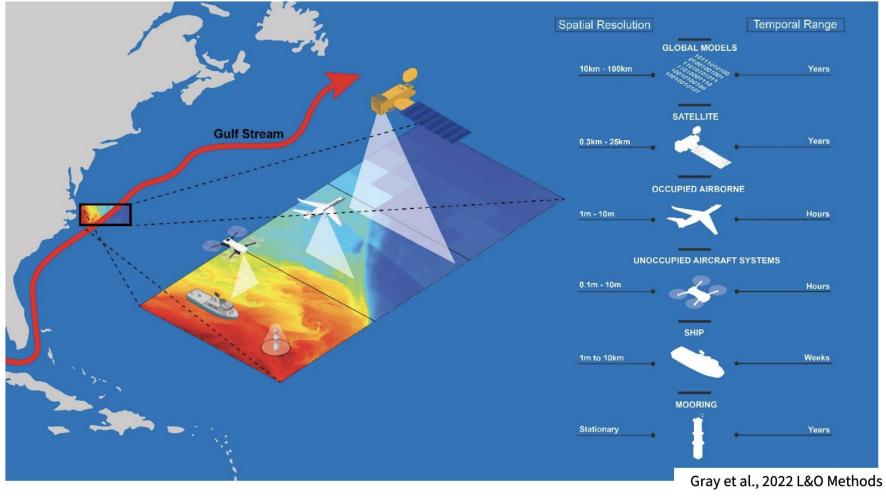
Water quality & phytoplankton diversity from space (or planes or...)





Transfer coefficients are often regional/ temporally dependent



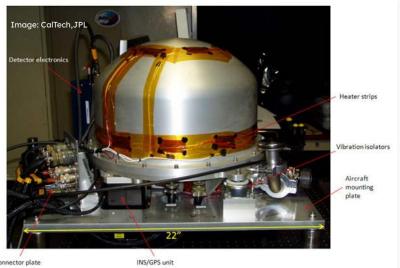


pioscape.io

Portable Remote Imaging Spectrometer (PRISM)

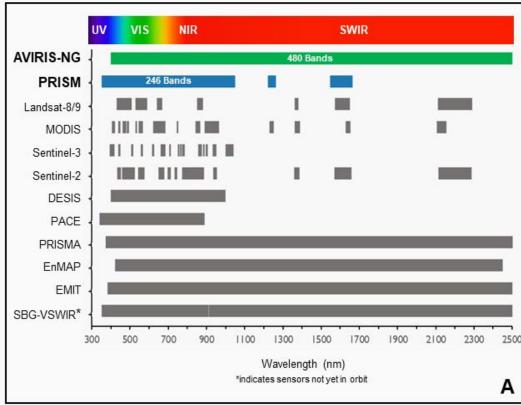






Designed especially for aquatic environments!

 Very high spectral sampling (< 3 nm, 3.5 nnm FWHM)
 Very high SNR for water



Phytoplankton Aerosol Cloud ocean Ecosystem (PACE)

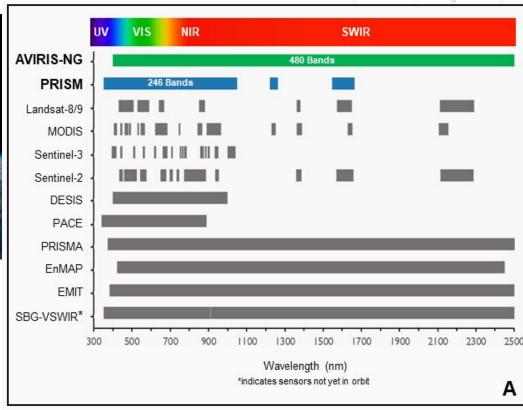






Designed especially for oceans!

- Launched Jan 20204
- 1 km pixels
- Community composition data are coming...



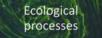
Phytoplankton Aerosol Cloud ocean Ecosystem (PACE)



- · latitudinal distributional shifts
- · phenology shifts
- · bloom dynamics



- · phytoplankton community composition
- · nutrient cycling
- · export of particles



- · rates of primary production
- nitrogen fixers, DMS producers, silicifiers, calcifiers
- trophic dynamics & food web efficiency



- hypoxia
- eutrophication
- · informed monitoring and assessment



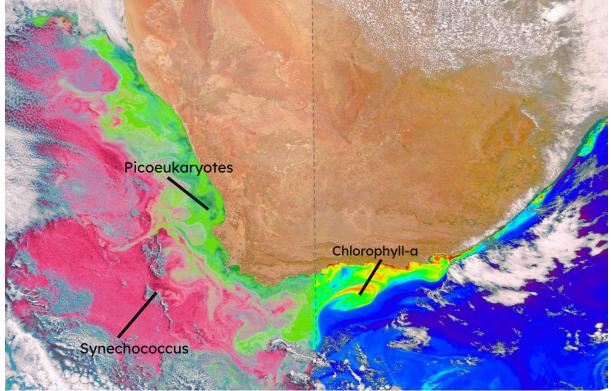
- · meeting thresholds
- species composition
- detecting anomalies



- detection and tracking of harmful algal blooms
- · assessing storm impacts
- · monitoring oil spill extent and cleanup



- finding pelagic and benthic habitats for fisheries
- ·locations/monitoring for aquaculture
- •food safety & toxin production

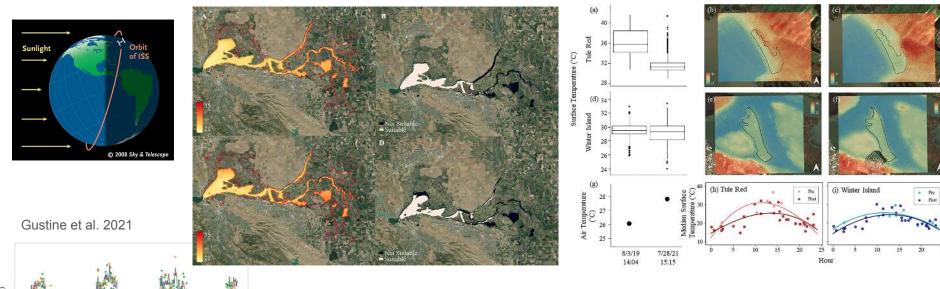




Dierssen et al. 2021. See also Cetinic et al. 2024 RSE

ECOSTRESS Surface Temperature

Modeling diurnal bulk temperature variability, fish habitat thermal suitability and restoration outcomes



Gustine et al. 2023

Resources: IOCCG





International Ocean Color Coordinating Committee

Includes training courses, tutorials, free textbooks, practicals and more! Almost a one-stop shop!

https://ioccg.org/what-we-do/training-and-education/

Working Group Reports & Protocols : plain language summaries of state of science, measurement protocols

https://ioccg.org/what-we-do/ioccg-publications/

Information on missions, sensors contributed by countries and agencies around the world (including NASA)

https://ioccg.org/resources/missions-instruments/

Welcome to the International Ocean Colour Coordinating Group

Promoting development and applications of science and technology that underpin remote sensing of ocean colour across all aquatic environments (in-land, coastal, open ocean), through coordination, training, liaising between providers and users, advocacy, and provision of expert advice.

Resources: NASA Ocean Color DAAC



https://oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov/resources/docs/tutorials/

- Earthdata cloud access
- Working with Jupyter Notebooks
- Match-ups with in situ data
- Machine Learning
- Parallel and larger than memory computing
- Collaboration with Git & GitHub
- Working with SeaDAS
- Working with PACE data
- Working with MODIS data
- And more...





Resources: (free) Software

SeaDAS

https://seadas.gsfc.nasa.gov/





ABOUT ▼ DOCS ▼ PROCESSING ▼ DOWNLOADS ▼ SUPPORT ▼



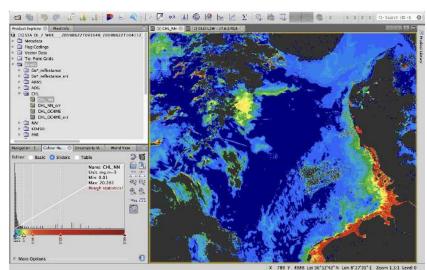
Resources: (free) Software



SNAP: ESA Sentinel Application Platform

https://step.esa.int/main/download/snap-download/







Resources: (free)
Software

Hypercoast: A Python
Package for Visualizing
and Analyzing
Hyperspectral Data in
Coastal Environments

hypercoast.org

By Bingqing Liu

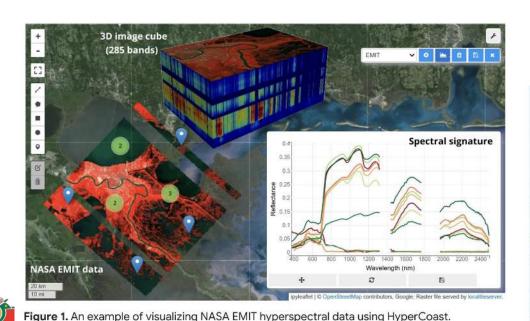


Welcome to HyperCoast



Hypercoast continued

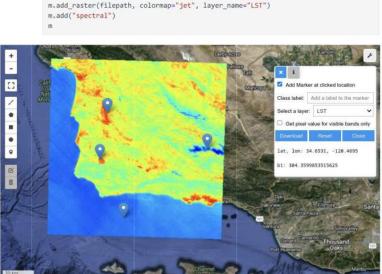
Lots of examples, including two nice workshop examples online for working with **EMIT & PACE data**



Visualize the data with HyperCoast.

m.add basemap("HYBRID")

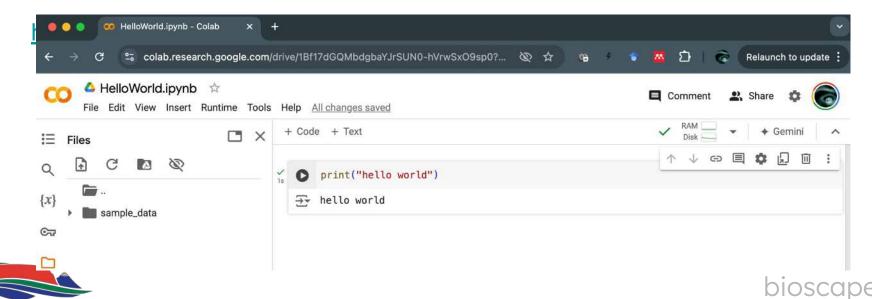
In []: m = hypercoast.Map()



NIOSCUPE.IC

Resources: (free) Cloud Compute

Google Colaboratory: An AWS alternative for when you want to analyze non-BioSCape data



BioSCape Special Collection in JGR Biogeosciences



Deadline to complete: Friday 11 October



Google form: tinyurl.com/manuscriptform

